9 selection criteria for charging station

Electrical



Power per socket	3.7 kW - 7.4 kW	11 kW - 22 kW		22 kW (AC) - 24 kW (DC)		
	▲ Single-phase main supply.	▲ Three-phase main supply.				
Charging mode	Mode 2	Mode 3		Mode 4		
	Use of charging cable equipped with its control interface.	Advanced charging control with communication between station and vehicle. Use of direct charging cable.		Advanced charging control with communication between station and vehicle for DC charging mode.		
Socket outlet	Domestic	Type 2	Attached cabl		Combo 2 CHAdeMO	
	▲ Up to 2.3 kW	▲ Up to 22 kW	AC type 1: up to 7.4 AC type 2: up to 22		▲ 24 kW	

Usage



Socket outlet access	Free access	Key	Authentication		
		Key lock.	Access with RFID badge or via Smartphone apps for connected stations. Function depending whether connected station or not.		
Load management	Optimized Cost & Service continuity	Optimized charging time	Optimized charging station management		
	C1-type: 'Optimized cost' > delayed start or temporary current limitation. C2-type: 'Opt. cost + Service continuity' > delayed start or temporary current limitation > real-time max charging current control.	For not connected charging station. Remaining available power is split between the 2 cars, giving priority to the one with less energy or time already allocated, to prevent tripping.	For charging station cluster connected to a facility network. A global energy management is provided (facility network + stations) in order to preserve site or building services availability and optimize vehicle charging.		
Connectivity	Yes - No				
	▲ Enabling communication (wired, 3G/4G modem) to the cloud-based supervision.				

Installation

Mounting	On Wall			On Floor		
	Cabinet fixed on wall.		Cabinet with integrated or separate pole.			
Protection	Electrical		Mechanical IP54	Mechanical IK10		
	D-type: built-in DC fault current detection (RDC-DD) I-type: protection devices can be installed on pedestal; F-type: factory mounted protection device.		Protection from dust, splashing water. Outdoor use is possible.	Resistance to pendulum shock: mass of 5 kg, 40 cm string.		
Aspect	Stylish	Robust	Robus	t+		
	White resistant plastic casing.	▲ Metallic casing.		alism features. Metallic casing, board protection.		

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	EVlink Wallbox		EVlink Smart Wallbox	EVlink Parking	For eligible countries EVlink DC Fast Charge
	'Standard'	'Plus'	Cloud-connectable	Cloud-connectable	Cloud-connectable
Charging power (kW)	3.7 7.4 11 22	3.7 7.4 11 22	7.4 22	7.4 22	22 (AC) 24 (DC)
Charging mode 2 Mode 2 3 Mode 3 4 Mode 4	3	3	2 3	2 3	3 4
Socket outlet Attached cable	T2 ACT1 ACT2	T2 ACT1 ACT2	T2 T2+D ACT1 ACT2	T2 T2+D	ACT CHAdeMO ACT Combo 2 T2 22 kW (AC)
D Domestic ACT1 Att. cable with plug Type 1 ACT2 Att. cable with plug Type 2 T2 Plug type 2 (optional shutter)					
Charging access	F K	F K	F K	F A	FA
F Free access K Key lock A Authentication					
Load management	C1	C2	C1+M	C1+T+M	М
C1 Optimized Cost C2 Opt. Cost + Service Continuity T Opt. Charging Time M Opt. Station Management					
Connectivity	N	N	N Y	N Y	N Y
Yes (ready to connectivity) N No					
Mounting	W F	W F	W F	W F	W F
W Wall F Floor	54	- 54	- 54	- 54	54
Protection Elec IP	• $\frac{54}{10}$	D $\frac{54}{10}$	• $\frac{54}{10}$	1 $\frac{54}{10}$	F ⁵⁴ / ₁₀
D Built-in DC filter I Possible on-site mounting F Factory-mounted 54 Dust + splashing water 10 5 kg shock					
Aspect	S	S	S	R	R+
S Stylish R Robust R+ Robust +					

Energy management

How to optimize the impact of consumption of a charging solution on an electrical installation

> The problem

Initial situation

Power supply cut-off
Subscribed power overrun
(financial penalties
but no outage)

Max. Power

Subscribed Power

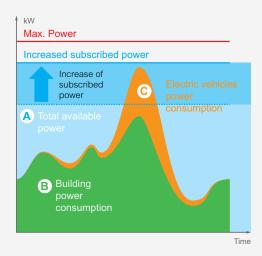
A Total available
power
consumption

C Electric vehicles
power
consumption

The installation of charging stations in an existing electrical installation can have a significant impact due to the power level required by electric vehicles to charge.

> Solution without energy management

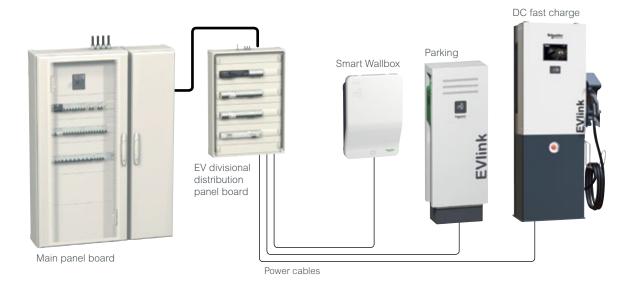
Increase of subscribed power



This solution consists of increasing the power subscribed to the energy supplier to maintain the same consumption model. It implies an increase in the cost of the subscription and does not guarantee that the trigger threshold will never be exceeded. Thus the continuity of service of the building is not guaranteed.

Electrical installation without energy management

Time

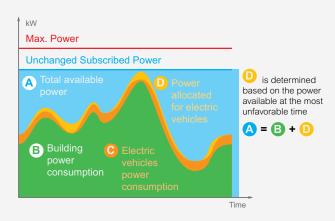


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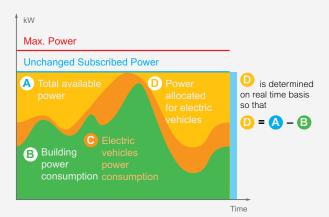
Schneider Electric solutions

Static energy management

Dynamic energy management

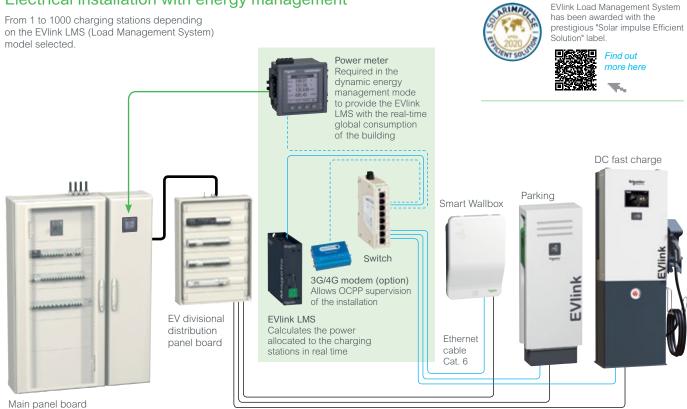


Setpoint "D" is fixed. The power is distributed between all connected vehicles.



Setpoint "D" is adjusted in real time according to the consumption of the rest of loads in the building, to maximize the power allocated to charging electric vehicles.





Power cables